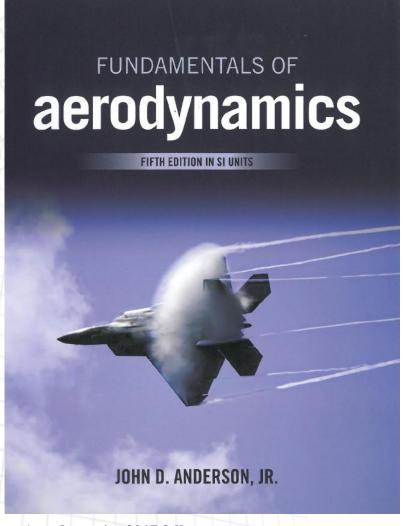
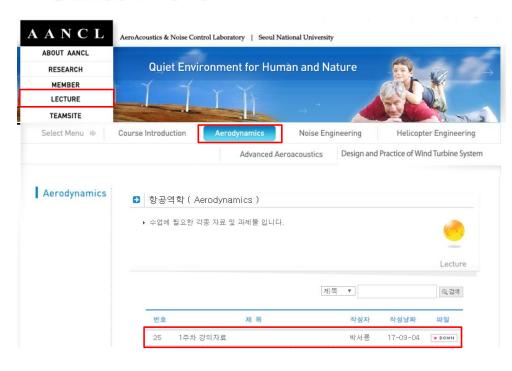
### **Course Schedule for 'Aerodynamics' (Class 2017)**

- Mon. & Weds. (11:00 ~ 12:15)
- Place: Bldg. 301 Rm. 1303
- Professor : Soogab Lee (solee@snu.ac.kr)
- TA: Seoryong Park (tjfyd11@snu.ac.kr)
- Homepage : <u>aancl.snu.ac.kr</u>
- Text:
  - Class Note (download from class homepage)
  - -'Fundamentals of Aerodynamics' by J.D. Anderson"

#### \* Book



#### Class Note



### Course Guideline (Y2017)

#### **Performance Evaluation**

- Attendance & Participation : 10 % (extra)
- Homework & Projects: 40%
- Mid-term Quiz : 20% (if necessary)
- Final Exam.(Possibly a take-home): 40 %
- Random evaluation: 10% (ex: good answer in the class)
- Q&A: English/Korean

#### Grades

- Late penalty on projects & exams
- if miss projects & exams => "F"

#### **\*** What to lecture...

- Concepts, concepts, and concepts.....!!
- Mathematical Modeling
- Computational Programming
- Problem solving based on Physical Assessment

# **Syllabus**

W	Contents	W	Contents
1	Introduction to Aerodynamics Aerodynamic forces and moments	9	Kutta-Joukowski theorem
2	Aerodynamic forces and moments Center of pressure	10	Kutta condition Kelvin's circulation theorem
3	Similarity Dimensional analysis	11	Thin airfoil theory and Vortex panel method
4	Governing equations of aerodynamics	12	Modern high-lift airfoil
5	Substantial derivative	13	Downwash and Induced drag
6	Circulation, stream function, and velocity potential	14	Plandtl's lifting line theory
7	Bernoulli's equation, Conditions for irrotationality and incompressibility	15	Delta wing aerodynamics
8	Fundamentals of 2-D potential flows and source panel method	16	Final Exam

#### **\*** Introduction

- Aerodynamics?
- Pictures about history of flight
- Application of Aerodynamics
  - Rocket/Airplane/Rotorcraft/Missile/Birds
  - HST/Train/Automobile/Hovercraft/Ship/Subways
  - Gas turbines/Compressor/Pump/Wind turbine/Propeller/ Fan (Rotating Machineries)
  - Pipe/Duct/Channel/Tunnel/HVAC/Combustor
  - Whatever it moves...

\* 'Aerodynamics'

The term "Aerodynamics" is generally used for problems arising from flight and other topics involving the flow of air

- Ludwig Prandtl, 1949

Aerodynamics: The dynamics of gases, especially atmospheric interactions with moving objects

- The American Heritage Dictionary of the Language, 1969

#### < Icarus and Daedalus> - 'Flight is just Myth'

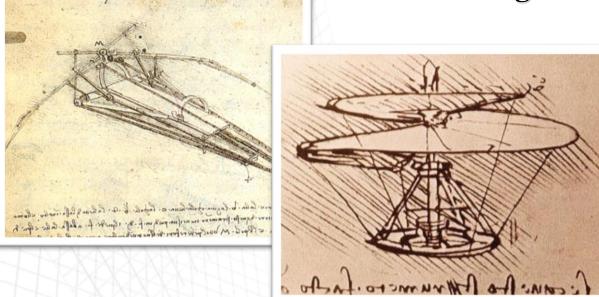




'Icarus Paradox'

#### < Leonardo da vinci 's Sketch (1452-1518)>

'Flight is creative concept'



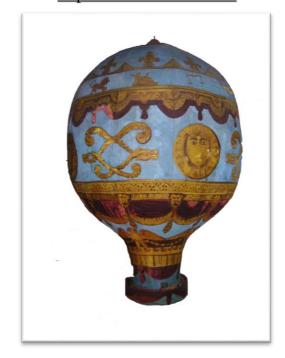


#### < Montgolfier Brothers' Balloons > - "First Human Flight"

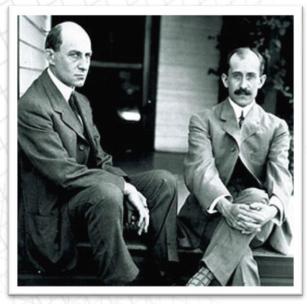
Joseph and Jacques Montgolfier, French paper-mill owners (1783)



Paper-lined silk balloon



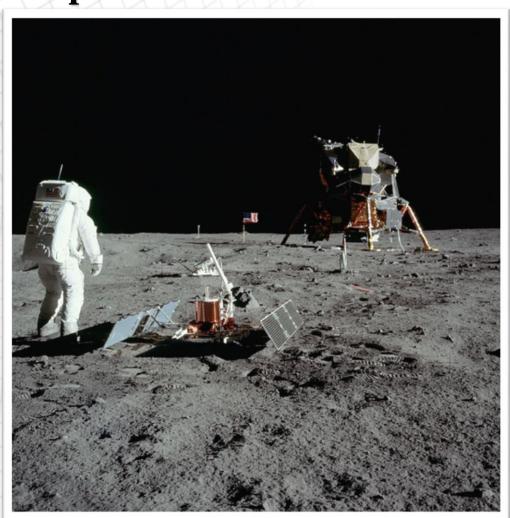
### < Wilbur and Orville Wright>



"Wilbur Wright pilots the 1902 glider over the Kill-Devil Hills, Oct 10, 1902."



### < Apollo 11>



"That's one small step for (a) man, one giant leap for mankind."

- Niel Armstrong (1969)

## **Aerodynamics covers...**





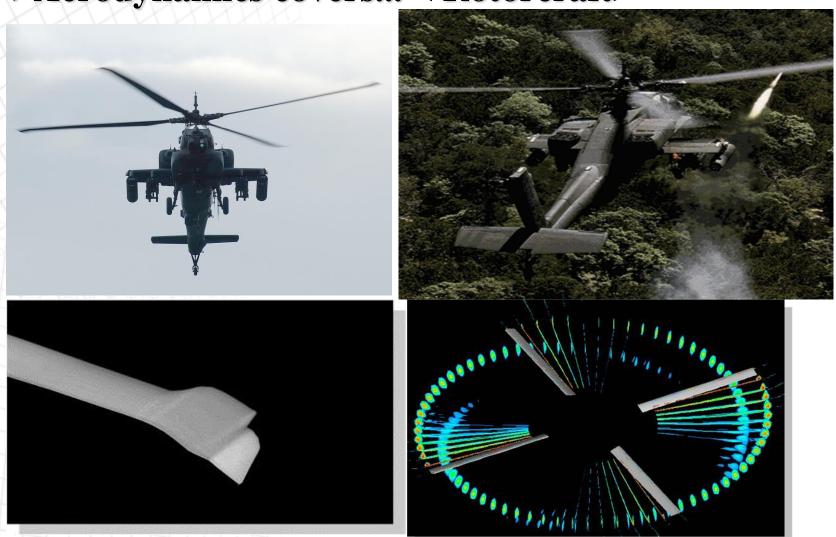








**❖** Aerodynamics covers... < Rotorcraft>



### **Aerodynamics covers... < Rotating machinery>**











## **❖** Aerodynamics covers... < Rotating machinery>

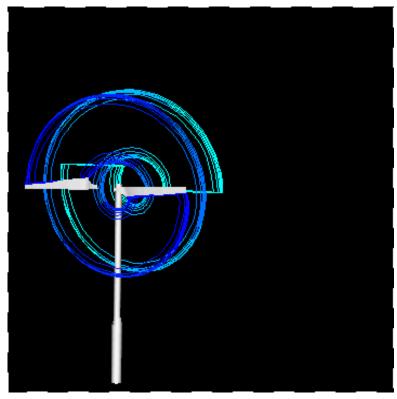
- Totally new conceptual design for Automotive FAN (Lowest noise in the world, higher performance)
- Currently used for Hyundai, Mercedes Benz, Ford etc.



<Wave Fan, AANCL 2003 >

#### **Aerodynamics covers... < Wind Turbine Rotors>**





<NREL Test Model>

<FVE Wake Analysis, 2005 AANCL>

#### < 1.2 Some Terminologies >

- $* "solid" au imes \delta$
- "fluid" liquid or gas
  - Newtonian fluid :  $\tau \propto \partial u/\partial y$
  - Non-Newtonian fluid:  $\tau \not\propto \partial u/\partial y$

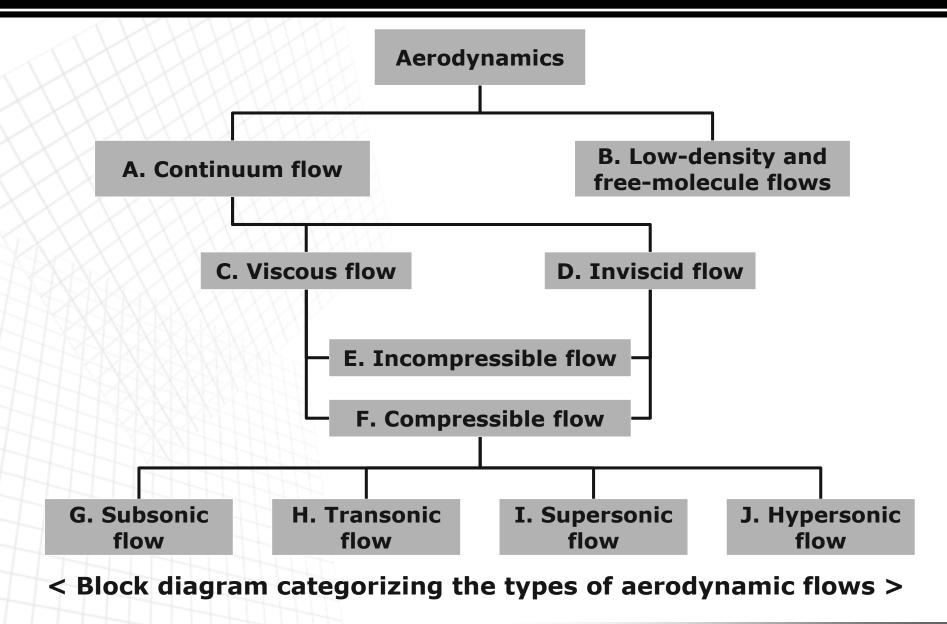
#### Molecular level

- Solid almost "glued" by powerful intermolecular forces
- Liquid fluidity
- Gas weak intermolecular force

- < 1.2 Some Terminologies >
- Classification of fluid dynamics
  (study of the dynamics of both liquid and gases)
  - Hydrodynamics liquid
  - Gas dynamics gas (Air, N<sub>2</sub>, He, ...)
  - Aerodynamics air
  - External aerodynamics the prediction of forces and moments of, and hear transfer to, bodies moving through a fluid
  - Internal aerodynamics Determination of flows moving internally through ducts

### < 1.2 Some Terminologies >

- **Continuum flow** 
  - Usual flow ( $Kn \ll 1$ )
  - Rarefied gas dynamics (Kn >> 1)
    - Kn: Knudsen number =  $\frac{\lambda}{L} \sim mean\ free\ length \sim charcteristic\ length$
  - Newtonian fluid :  $au \propto \partial u/\partial y$
  - Non-Newtonian fluid :  $\tau \propto \partial u/\partial y$



- 22 -

Aerodynamics 2017 fall